

## Form 1-C Conditional Employee or Food Employee Medical Referral

Preventing Transmission of Diseases through Food by Infected Food Employees with Emphasis on Illness due to Norovirus, Typhoid fever (Salmonella Typhi), Shigellosis (Shigella spp.), Escherichia coli O157:H7 or other Shiga Toxin-producing Escherichia coli (STEC), nontyphoidal Salmonella and Hepatitis A Virus

The Houston Food Ordinance under Section 20-21.7 Employee Health and the Texas Food Establishment Rules under Section 228.35, 228.36, and 228.37 with respect to reporting, exclusions and restrictions from opportunities to transmit disease in a food establishment, that Conditional Employees and Food Employees obtain medical clearance from a health practitioner licensed to practice medicine, unless the Food Employees have complied with the provisions specified as an alternative to providing medical documentation, whenever the individual:

- 1. Is chronically suffering from a symptom such as diarrhea; or
- 2. Has a current illness involving Norovirus, typhoid fever (*Salmonella* Typhi), shigellosis (*Shigella* spp.)*E. coli* O157:H7 infection (or other STEC), nontyphoidal *Salmonella* or hepatitis A virus (hepatitis A); *or*

## Reason for Medical Referral: The reason for this referral is checked below:

Is chronically suffering from vomiting or diarrhea; or (specify)
Diagnosed or suspected Norovirus, typhoid fever, shigellosis, <i>E. coli</i> O157:H7 (or other, STEC) infection nontyphoidal <i>Salmonella</i> or hepatitis A. (Specify)
Reported past illness from typhoid fever within the past 3 months. (Date of illness)
Other medical condition of concern per the following description.

Healt	h Practitioner's Conclusion: (Check the appropriate one; refer to reverse side of form)
	Food employee is free of Norovirus infection, typhoid fever ( <i>S.</i> Typhi infection), <i>Shigella</i> spp. infection. <i>coli</i> O157:H7 (or other STEC infection), non-typhoidal <i>Salmonella</i> infection or hepatitis A virus infection, and may work as a food employee without restrictions.
	Food employee is an asymptomatic shedder of <i>E.</i> coli O157:H7 (or other STEC), <i>Shigella</i> spp., or Norovirus, and is restricted from working with exposed food; clean equipment, utensils, and linens; and unwrapped single-service and single-use articles in food establishments that do not serve highly susceptible populations.
	Food employee is not ill but continues as an asymptomatic shedder of <i>E. coli</i> O157:H7 (or other STEC), <i>Shigella</i> spp. and should be excluded from food establishments that serve highly susceptible populations such as those who are preschool-age, immunocompromised, or older adults and in a facility that provides preschool custodial care, health care, or assisted living.
	Food employee is an asymptomatic shedder of hepatitis A virus and should be excluded from working in a food establishment until medically cleared.
	Food employee is an asymptomatic shedder of Norovirus and should be excluded from working in a food establishment until medically cleared, or for at least 24 hours from the date of the diagnosis.
	Food employee is suffering from Norovirus, typhoid fever, shigellosis, <i>E. coli</i> O157:H7 (or other STEC infection), or hepatitis A and should be excluded from working in a food establishment.
	Food employee is diagnosed with an infection from nontyphoidal <i>Salmonella</i> and is asymptomatic and should be restricted from working in food establishments serving a highly susceptible population and food establishments not serving a highly susceptible population.
inform transn	<b>MENTS</b> : (In accordance with Title I of the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) and to provide only the nation necessary to assist the food establishment operator in preventing foodborne disease nission, please confine comments to explaining your conclusion and estimating when the employee reinstated.)
Signat	ture of Health PractitionerDate



